

VideoCultura: Comparaciones

ACTIVITY MASTER 2

Supplemental Vocabulary		
ajo <i>garlic</i>	cebolla <i>onion</i>	guandules <i>a kind of pea</i>
arroz <i>rice</i>	crema <i>cream</i>	granada <i>pomegranate</i>
carne <i>meat</i>	frijoles <i>beans</i>	pescado <i>fish</i>

Pre-viewing

1 What dishes are typical of your area? Which is your favorite?

Post-viewing

2 Match each of the dishes listed below with its ingredients.

- _____ 1. Los chiles en nogada
- _____ 2. El moro de guandules con pescado
- _____ 3. El gallo pinto

- | |
|--|
| <p>a. arroz, frijoles, cebolla, chile y cilantro</p> <p>b. chiles poblanos, carne, pasitas, acitrón, crema, nueces y granada</p> <p>c. guandules, arroz, salsa, pescado</p> |
|--|

3 Now under the photo of each interviewee, write the name of her favorite regional dish.



Paula



Sofía



Angélica

¡A comer!

10 You are spending a weekend with a friend in Mexico. Choose the correct ending for each sentence to describe your meals together.

- ___ 1. Using milk, chile peppers, and corn meal, you prepare **atole** ____.
a. to drink b. to eat with a fork c. to spread on tortillas
- ___ 2. As a snack you have **quesadillas**, which are tortillas filled with ____.
a. cheese b. hot chile peppers c. strawberries
- ___ 3. One of the foods you eat, called **elote** in the Nahuatl language, is ____.
a. beans b. corn c. plantain
- ___ 4. Some of the typical dishes you will eat can be traced back to ____.
a. Columbus b. the 19th century c. Aztec times
- ___ 5. You eat **la cena** at ____.
a. 12:00 P.M. b. 6:00 P.M. c. 9:00 P.M.

11 Tell if each of the following statements about Latin American cultures is a) **cierto** or b) **falso**.

- ___ 1. Mexican street vendors sell cucumbers with chile powder as a snack.
- ___ 2. In Latin American countries, lunch is generally a light meal.
- ___ 3. The earliest varieties of corn can be seen in a Mexican museum.
- ___ 4. Some traditional Mexican foods are sold as instant food packages.
- ___ 5. All Latin Americans enjoy a snack or **merienda** around 6:00 P.M.

12 Mexico has rich and diverse architecture. Contrast the architecture of the **Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México** with the architecture of **Puebla** and of **Teotihuacán**. What makes each of them unique?
